

# Content for the Participation Brochure

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# All about INMUN

https://www.ryaninmun.org

#### **ABOUT US**

18th Indian Model United Nations is a three day simulation of the United Nations for high school students held annually in Delhi. Students gain insight into the workings of the United Nations and the dynamics of international relations by assuming the roles of UN representatives and members of other international bodies and national cabinets.

#### 18 YEARS OF EXPERIENCE

INMUN 2019 builds upon decades of experience. It was initiated by Dr. A.F Pinto and Madam Grace Pinto in year 2001. Our goal is to raise student interest in world affairs, history, geography, public speaking and diplomatic skills so they can experience first hand the subjects that they read in their textbooks. Each participating school will organise MUN training sessions. Students will be a part of exciting routine of research spanning for a month before the conference.

#### BENEFITS FOR STUDENTS

You will have the opportunity to meet and interact with more than 1000 high school students from more than 90 high schools and 18 states from India. INMUN provides a host of substantive issues for this dynamic group of students and creates a forum for debate and negotiation among them – a truly worthwhile experience!

#### STATE-OF-THE-ART VENUE

SCOPE COMPLEX. Located in the heart of New Delhi, in a sprawling compound, has a world-class infrastructure. There are seven different halls having capacities ranging from 16-300 people - a meeting hub for business leaders. It offers a spacious air-conditioned area for Lunch and High Tea. It will be a comfortable venue for all our delegates.

#### WORLD LEADER AT INMUN

Every year INMUN welcomes speakers who are experts in their field to share their experiences with students. Through Leadership Forums, Youth speakers and Keynote speeches, we hope students are inspired by leaders from around the world. In the past we had eminent speakers like Dr. Shahi Tharoor, Dr. Kiran Bedi, Shri Kailash Satyarthi, Mr Mani Shankar Aiyar, Dr. Sambit Patra, Ambassadors of Spain, Netherlands, Norway, Bulgaria, Sri Lanka, Iceland, Pakistan, Tunisia, Estonia, Afghanistan and many more.

#### **FUN & BONDING TIME WITH FRIENDS**

For Outstation students we will plan an amazing Delhi Sight Seeing program. Visit the India Gate, Delhi haat and Qutub Minar. Enjoy the shopping at Connaught Place and Janpath. Relax on the final evening of conference and celebrate new friendships formed at the traditional Delegate Dance, featuring a live DJ!

# Conference Registration

#### **CONFERENCE FEES**

**Rs 4000/-.** This fee is inclusive of preparation materials, background guide and social events. 3 days lunch, Tea / Coffee at the venue and conference kit.

#### PAY ORDER OR BANK DRAFTS

Registration fee for all conference participants, including escorting / mentor teachers, should be submitted with the registration form. Pay Order or bank drafts, in Indian Rupees should be crossed and made payable to 'Ryan Foundation, payable at New Delhi'

#### **REGISTRATION FORMS**

School Registration Form

https://zfrmz.in/liAQB2HUkPVz5ToFvPGE

Delegate information Form

https://zfrmz.in/JelJ2xPSqB8zQPT1r4rN

Travel Plan

https://zfrmz.in/DorHBLr4jKcazjWoX8bq

#### **STAY**

2 weeks before the travel Mumbai CO will inform you about the stay.

#### COUNTRY ALLOCATION

Mumbai Region contact
Ms. Alice Vaz
ris.kharghar@ryangroup.org

Except Mumbai Region contact Ms. Varsha Guha inmun@ryangroup.org

#### **IMPORTANT DATES**

June 15

Registration and Allocation of Countries opens.

August 01

Delegates will receive Background guides.

August 16

Registration and payment of fees Closes.

August 25

Submission of Country profile Digital News Reportage

August 25

Last date for receiving the travel Plan for Outstation Teams.

26th to 28th September NMUN Conference

## Agenda INIVIUN 2019

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY I**

Disarmament and International Security

- Addressing the question of usage of Lethal Autonomous Weapon Systems, Drones and Killer Robots in an armed conflict with emphasis on Artificial Intelligence and its implications.
- Devising a framework to combat terrorist financing with special emphasis on illicit arms trade and state sponsorship of terrorism.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY III**

Social, Cultural & Humanitarian

- Protection of civilians in armed conflict with special emphasis on the protection of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs).
- Deliberation on the issue of Defamation of Religion while addressing the issue of Hate Crimes.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY IV**

Special Political & Decolonisation

- Discussing the Right to Self-Determination and its implication on Statehood.
- Analyzing the implications of the European Migrant Crisis.

## COMMISSION ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN (CSW)

- Promotion and Protection of the Rights of Women in the Middle East.
- Discussing the Reproductive Rights of women with special emphasis on legislations on abortion and family planning.

## NORTH-ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANISATION

(NATO) (Crisis Committee)

Theme: The war in Donbass (Ukraine)

#### HISTORIC SECURITY COUNCIL

(HSC – Crisis Committee)

- Theme: Persian Gulf War
- Freeze Date: 2nd August, 1990

## ALL-INDIA POLITICAL PARTIES' MEET (AIPPM)

- Discussing the issue of Reservations in India
- Discussing the implications and applicability of Article 370 and Article 35 (A) of the Indian Constitution.

# NEW Country Profile

#### **DIGITAL NEWS REPORTAGE**

INMUN 2019 takes country profiles to the next level! We are glad to announce the 'MY COUNTRY 2019 – Digital News Reportage' competition!

Each delegation is required to submit a

4 MINUTES selfmade News Reportage depicting the developments and important
happenings in their country in 2019. A
description of your allotted country along with
a summary of recent events – in a creative and
interesting digital new reportage!

Check out **YOUR MORNING FIX** on Scroll.in news channels on **youtube**. You have to create a similar style of digital news reportage. Focus on the recent important events/advancements that have shaped your country's or the world's future? What recent event has kept your country in the news in 2019? P-E-S-T-L-E: What are the important Political, Economic. Social, Technological, Legal or Environmental advances/happenings that have been relevant to your country's future?

#### **SUBMISSION**

Upload your video on Youtube and send us the link before August 25.

#### **AWARDS**

The top three MY COUNTRY 2019 videos will receive awards and be showcased at the INMUN 2019 closing ceremony.

#### **INMUN TEAM:**



MUN
COORDINATOR
Academics
Shivam Chawla



**SECRETARY GENERAL**Kavya Narang

# General Assembly 1 Disarmament and International Security



Chair Person Saksham Gadia



Vice-Chairperson Shayan Ahmed



Vice-Chairperson Apaar Mehta

#### Agenda 1

Addressing the question of usage of Lethal Autonomous Weapon Systems, Drones and Killer Robots in an armed conflict with emphasis on Artificial Intelligence and its implications.

The issue of LAWS (Lethal Autonomous Weapons), for example- drones, killer robots) has drastically risen to prominence over the past decade. Potentially LAWS could identify and attack a target without human intervention. If such weapons were developed, questions arise as to whether these could be used in compliance with the current rules of international humanitarian law? What would be the impact of these weapons on the law of state responsibility and international criminal law? And what would they mean for the conduct of future warfare?

#### Agenda 2

Devising a framework to combat terrorist financing with special emphasis on illicit arms trade and state sponsorship of terrorism.

The funding of terrorist activities remain a pertinent issue in the war on terror. One such notable method is the illicit arms trade by which terrorists acquire arms from another party, which may not be directly involved in the hostilities but is playing a major role in encouraging such terrorist activities. Some states sponsor terrorist groups and provide them safe heavens as concluded by the United Nations. The main debate revolves around the solutions that are required to combat the root cause of terrorism and prevent states from supporting such terrorist organizations that have been a major threat to international peace and security.



Join our Facebook Page for discussion about the **GA1 Agenda.** <a href="https://www.facebook.com/groups/INMUNGA1/">https://www.facebook.com/groups/INMUNGA1/</a>

# General Assembly 3

Social, Cultural & Humanitarian



Chairperson Sarthak Srivastava



Vice-Chairperson Manyi Rana

#### Agenda 1

Protection of civilians in armed conflict with special emphasis on the protection of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs).

Civilians of a country are the most severely affected by atrocities and damages during conflicts. Countries violating international norms and principles further deteriorate their condition during armed conflict. The situation of people who flee from their houses because of the fear of persecution, but remain within the borders of their country, often poses unique question in the legal and humanitarian context. These are known as internally displaced people. Unlike refugees they do not have strict and clear regulations for them even though their reason for leaving their home is fear for their life. There is no set definition or rules that protect their rights and hence make them prone to abuse and human rights violations.

#### Agenda 2

Deliberation on the issue of Defamation of Religion while addressing the issue of Hate Crimes.

United Nations has acknowledged the importance of respect and understanding for religious and cultural diversity and expressed concern about the negative stereotyping and manifestations of intolerance and discrimination against all religions. In particular, cases relating to the intensification of the campaign of defamation of religions and the ethnic and religious profiling of Muslim minorities in the aftermath of the tragic events of 11 September 2001. Therefore the need for discussion is to urge Member States to take action to prohibit the dissemination of racist and xenophobic ideas and materials aimed at any religion or its followers that constitute incitement to racial and religious hatred, hostility or violence.



Join our Facebook Page for discussion about the **GA3 Agenda**. <a href="https://www.facebook.com/groups/INMUNGA3/">https://www.facebook.com/groups/INMUNGA3/</a>

# General Assembly 4

**Special Political & Decolonisation** 



Chairperson Neel Madhay



Vice-Chairperson Kartikeya Narayan

### Agenda 1

Discussing the Right to Self-Determination and its implication on Statehood.

Having recently gained popularity again in notable cases of Catalonia and Kurdistan, the vital right to self-determination is a well-established subject of international law. With every individual throughout the world being in the rightful capacity to practice self-determination, which is the right to choose how one wishes to be governed, the question of what implication it has on the political being of a state or a region is significant to raise. The debate on this subject not only seeks discernment on the legal significance of the principle, but so much so, opens a scope for the participants to contemplate the supposedly obvious norms.

#### Agenda 2

Analyzing the implications of the European Migrant Crisis.

The European migrant crisis gained enormous momentum in its severity in 2015 with thousands of helpless individuals traveling overseas in precarious conditions only to seek protection against the trauma of their war-torn homeland. The crisis has not only worsened the condition of a handful of those able to make it to the other side of the sea, but has crippled the economies and functioning of even the host states who seem to be barely prepared for every unexpected wave of the refugee influx. The situation calls for a strong discussion on how the states could be protected from the strain of the massive immigration without compromising on the vital rights of those seeking help.



Join our Facebook Page for discussion about the **GA4 Agenda**. <a href="https://www.facebook.com/groups/INMUNGA4/">https://www.facebook.com/groups/INMUNGA4/</a>

# Commission on <sup>9</sup> the Status of Women



Chairperson Nandini Sharma



Vice-Chairperson Tushar Singh Pundir

### Agenda 1

Promotion and Protection of the Rights of Women in the Middle East. There has been an uneven progress in promoting the rights of women throughout the Middle Eastern region. Women have been subjected to discrimination in several cases in the region and have been restricted access to basic life necessities. The legal status of women in the modern Middle East has been in transition since the Arab spring. With the current political instability in the Middle Eastern Countries, the number of women refugees and IDPs living in unsanitary, insecure conditions in Refugee Camps is extremely high. This makes them vulnerable to torture, rape and other forms of sexual violence. Although, there are feminist organizations in Middle Eastern countries, they tend to be small and lack significant input in the political process. Since obtaining their independence from Europe, most Middle Eastern governments have undertaken legal reforms directed at reducing the inequalities between men and women, however, only few of them have been successful in their implementation.

### Agenda 2

Discussing the Reproductive Rights of women with special emphasis on legislations on abortion and family planning.

Reproductive rights rest on the recognition of the basic right of all couples and individuals to decide freely and responsibly the structure and planning of their family, and to have the information and means to do so. It also mean the right to attain the highest standard of sexual and reproductive health. The right of all to make decisions concerning reproduction free of discrimination, coercion and violence, according to the World Health Organization is also crucial. It includes Rights to legal and safe abortion, birth control, access to education and reproductive healthcare. UNFPA and WHO advocate for Reproductive Rights and its proper implementation.



Join our Facebook Page for discussion about the **CSW.** https://www.facebook.com/groups/INMUNCSW/

## North-Atlantic Treaty Organisation

(NATO) (Crisis Committee)



Chairperson Namit Mahendru



Vice-Chairperson
Dushyant Singh Taggar

#### **Theme**

The war in Donbass (Ukraine). The War in Donbass is an armed conflict in the Donbass region of Ukraine. From the beginning of March 2014, protests by pro-Russian and anti-government groups took place in the Donetsk and Luhansk oblasts of Ukraine, commonly collectively called the "Donbass", in the aftermath of the 2014 Ukrainian revolution and the Euromaidan movement. These demonstrations, which followed the annexation of Crimea by the Russian Federation (February

to March 2014), and which were part of a wider group of concurrent pro-Russian protests across southern and eastern Ukraine, escalated into an armed conflict between the separatist forces of the self-declared Donetsk and Luhansk People's Republics (DPR and LPR respectively), and the Ukrainian government.

## Historic Security Council

(HSC - Crisis Committee)



President Raghuv Nagpal



Vice-President

Ekpreet Singh Chawla

### **Theme**

Persian Gulf War

Freeze Date: 2nd August, 1990

The First Persian Gulf War, also known as the Gulf War was an armed conflict between Iraq and a coalition of 39 nations including the United States, Britain and France. It was a result of Iraq's invasion of Kuwait on August 2, 1990, which shall be the freeze date of the committee. In justifying his invasion of Kuwait, Saddam Hussein claimed it was an artificial state carved out of the Iraqi coast by Western colonialists but the fact remains that Kuwait had been internationally recognized as a separate entity before Iraq itself was created

by Britain under a League of Nations mandate after World War I. With the theme and freeze date set to take us back in time to the Persian Gulf War, The committee shall deal with legal questions of intervention, state sovereignty and international interference with continuous live updates rolling in to make for a highly engrossing discussion.

# All-India Political 12 Parties' Meet (AIPPM)



Moderator Srishti Chopra



Moderator Antony George

### Agenda 1

Discussing the issue of Reservations in India
This is an issue in India that will always
be relevant. A topic widely debated in the
country and understood, making it easier for
participants to relate to the portfolio or ideology
they represent. The underlying theory for the
provision of reservation by the state is the
under-representation of the identifiable groups
as a legacy of the Indian caste system. After
India gained independence, the Constitution
of India listed some erstwhile groups as
Scheduled Castes (SC) and Scheduled Tribes
(ST), however the moles and lack of relevance
in this theory would be the key debate in the
committee.

#### Agenda 2

Discussing the implications and applicability of Article 370 and Article 35 (A) of the Indian Constitution. This has been an issue, which has been under the political limelight of India. From real to reel believer's of political parties, it would be interesting to see participants embrace and understand these political and ulterior motives of political leaders and parties. The articles revolve around the fact that Article 35A of the Indian Constitution is an article that allows the Jammu and Kashmir state's legislature to define "permanent resident" of the state. It was added to the Constitution through a Presidential Order, i.e. The Constitution (Application to Jammu and Kashmir) Order, 1954 – issued by the President of India on 14 May 1954, exercising the powers conferred by the clause (1) of the Article 370 of the Indian Constitution, and with the concurrence of the Government of the State of Jammu and Kashmir. Now it is compelling to see that Article 35A was not added to the Constitution by following the procedure prescribed for amendment of the Constitution of India under Article 368. Article 370 does not anywhere confer on the President legislative or executive powers so vast that he can amend the Constitution or perform the function of Parliament. The topic provides room for a compelling discussion on a question facing the country today.



Join our Facebook Page for discussion about the AIPPM at INMUN <a href="https://www.facebook.com/groups/INMUNAIPPM/">https://www.facebook.com/groups/INMUNAIPPM/</a>